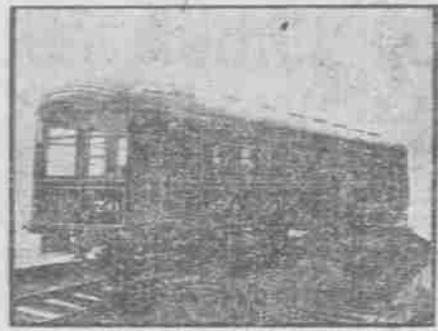


OH! YOU



Commuter!

On Sept. 15th The Rio Grande Valley Traction Co. will sell commutation ticket books at HALF the present regular rates.

That means the rapid development of land on the interurban. This land is selling and building up rapidly NOW. With the inauguration of these extremely low commuters' rates the development of the valley will be wonderful. We are still selling our land for \$200 an acre, \$10 cash and \$10 a month. There are over 14 city lots in an acre. Let us show you. Phone 803 and we will call.

TOBIN

Real Estate Co.

New Building at State A. & M.
College at Mesilla Park



NEW BRIDGE ACROSS TOYAH CREEK TO BE FINISHED SOON
Balmorhea, Texas, Sept. 13.—Excavation for the south approach of the new bridge across Toyah creek is finished

and will be filled with concrete. The bridge will soon be ready for use.
Toyah valley was visited by a good rain this week, which lasted four days and put a good season in the ground.

Herald Want Ads
Bring Results
—Try One and Be Convinced.

Fresnos and Drag Scrapers

ALL SIZES

Sulky Plows, Harrows, Clod Crushers, Grain Drills, etc.

We Guarantee Our Implements to Do Good Work

Valley Implement & Vehicle Co.

504 San Francisco St.

El Paso, Texas.

GOT RELIEF FROM CATARRH OVER NIGHT

I Will Gladly Tell You How—FREE

HEALS 24 HOURS

It is a new way. It is something absolutely different. No lotions, sprays or sticky smelling salves or creams. No atomizer, or any apparatus of any kind. Nothing to smoke or inhale. No steam, no rubbing or injections. No electricity or vibration or massage. No powder, no plaster, no keeping in the house. Nothing of that kind at all. Something new and different—something so light and healthful—something so simple and successful. You do not have to wait, and linger, and pay out a lot of money. You can stop it over night—and I will gladly tell you how—FREE. I am not a doctor and this is not a so-called doctor's prescription—but I am cured, and my friends are cured, and you can be cured. Your suffering will stop at once like magic.

I AM FREE—YOU CAN BE FREE

My catarrh was filthy and loathsome. It made me ill. It dulled my mind. It undermined my health and was weakening my will. The hawking, coughing, spitting made me obnoxious to all, and my foul breath and disgusting habits made even my loved ones avoid me secretly. My delight in life was dulled and my faculties impaired. I knew that in time it would bring me to an untimely grave because every moment of the day and night it was slowly yet surely sapping my vitality.

But I found a cure, and I am ready to tell you about it FREE. Write me promptly.

RISK JUST ONE CENT

Send no money. Just your name and address on a postal card. Say: "Dear Sam Katz. Please tell me how you cured your catarrh and how I can cure mine. That's all you need to say, and I will understand, and I will write to you with complete information, FREE. No delay. Do not delay. Send the postal card or write me a letter today. Don't think of turning this page until you have asked for this wonderful treatment that can do for you what it has done for me."

Sam Katz, Suite A 294,
1325 Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

RIO GRANDE VALLEY DEVELOPS RAPIDLY

(Continued from previous page.)

veloping the property, which is rich soil, much of it thick with timber. In one of these tracts, where the soil is thickest, El Pasoans intend to build summer homes and do a little farming.

The Elephant Butte Water Users' association, in which nearly all of the farmers in the Palomas, Rincon and Mesilla valleys have an interest, is doing its utmost to promote the valley. It is bringing new settlers and arranging for their comfort and doing much to encourage real intensive farming under the Elephant Butte project.

At its own expense, it took C. J. Blanchard, statistician of the United States Reclamation service, through the valleys during his visit here the latter part of July and the first week in August. He visited all of the valleys and urged a spirit of cooperation among the farmers and spoke highly of the progress they are making.

The water users are to take over the Elephant Butte project and conduct it after it is completed by the United States Reclamation service, in 1915. The dam will be sufficiently completed by the spring of 1915 to perpetually guarantee water for all the land in the valley.

POPE HAS POLICE FORCE OF 100 MEN

(Continued from previous page.)

the rank of general, and until lately this position was held by Camillo Pecci, nephew of Pope Leo XIII.

The Papal Gendarmes owe their origin to the time when Pius VII was in exile after having been kidnapped and taken to France by a general obeying the instructions of the great Bonaparte. Forced to submit to the will of Napoleon, he had as guards the French Grenadiers, who, however, he admired greatly. When Pius VII returned to Rome he constituted a body guard for himself, which he called the "Carabinieri," wearing the same uniform as Napoleon's soldiers, and being composed of men who had served under the emperor. Napoleon himself took a great interest in this body, but he did not like the name given to it, and he induced the pontiff to change it into that of gendarmes.

Nowadays, the gendarmes are recruited almost entirely from among retired carabinieri of the Italian army and their commander, Count Ceccopieri, was formerly a police official of the Italian government. They number rather less than one hundred and they do almost the entire police work inside the sacred palace.

Finally, there is the body of fireman, composed of about 20 men, well trained and prompt, who, however, on several occasions have not despised the assistance of their fellow firemen of the king of Italy.

STUDENTS PROVE GOOD WAGE EARNERS

(Continued from previous page.)

were covered with bulkheads. With two tugs pulling and one guiding from behind, and an army of 100 men on the job, the tubes—woven together—were floated down the river directly over the spot where they were to be sunk. Here a trench had been dug in the river bottom to the subway level, into which by filling with water through valves in the bulkheads the tubes were gradually sunk to form the first of the five sections of the new subway which will go under the river from Harlem to the Bronx.

Students Good Wage Earners.
No less than \$120,000 was earned during the academic year just past by the 500 self-supporting students of Columbia university, which, according to an official report, shows a substantial increase over previous years.

Nearly one-half of this \$120,000 was earned in the 1885 positions found for the students by the appointment office of the university, the balance being made in positions found by the students themselves.

These ambitious young men and women are not choice or at all limited in choice as to their fields of usefulness. They serve stenographers, bookkeepers, office assistants, cashiers, telephone operators, tutors, detectives, summer hotel clerks, physicians to summer camps, guides for artists, funnels, tend furnaces, and do many other kinds of work.

Tons of Dirt In Milk of Big City

Often Big Restaurants Sell Germ-Infested Milk at 25 Cents a Glass—Crusade for Clean Handling Difficult.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 13.—The leading milk authority of Chicago has declared that the people of that city annually receive 25 tons of dirt in their milk. When one comes to calculate how much this is to the quart and compare it with the amount of dirt that will be found by straining the average quart of market milk through a piece of absorbent cotton, he will find that the statement was very conservative. The cotton strainer is a test of milk as simple as could be, and yet not one household in a thousand has applied even this test to its milk supply.

Straining Makes It Worse.
It is true, however, that enough of them have discovered dirt in their milk to lead enterprising dairymen to try to overcome the difficulty. And they have been provided with a machine that will take out this dirt. It is announced that this machine takes out all hairs, particles of dirt, and the like, leaving the milk clean and wholesome. It does leave it clean so far as the eye can detect. But, in point of fact, the sanitarians say, it is dirtier than before. It has broken up every little colony of germs, and has scattered them all through the milk each in turn, to form a new colony. Such machines are widely sold and used and yet milk authorities say that they frequently find in this phase of the matter it found that in some places milk sold at 25 cents a glass was as full of bacteria as the milk sold in the Yiddish shops on the East Side. In some of the big hotels it was found that a practice was in vogue of serving a customer's milk order in a bottle, leading him to think that the milk was bottled at the source and kept free from all contamination, whereas, the fact was that the milk was very inferior in grade and poured into the bottle by a careless scullion in the kitchen. When these conditions were brought to the attention of the proprietors, they usually hastened to remedy them.

In many communities there is a practice among milk wagon drivers to change milk from quart to quart bottles, or vice versa, as they drive along, in order to meet the demands of their day's trade. One investigator tells of a driver whom he saw pouring pints into unwashed quart bottles and then licking off the mouth of the bottle to hide the evidences of the change. The caps he put into the quart bottles were drawn from his vest pocket.

More Germs Than In Sewage.
How dirty milk sometimes may become was discovered by Dr. A. J. Rosenau, one of the members of the milk commission. In 1907 he found that the general market milk in Washington contained upward of 11,000,000 germs to the cubic centimeter. This is a large number of germs, that is to say, found in the sewage of the average large city. In the sewage of Boston for a period of seven years the average number was less than 1,000,000, and in London the number ranged from 2,000,000 to 11,000,000. However not all bacteria found in milk are bad, some of them are good as for instance, the lactic acid germ. But on the whole, milk with a large number of germs in it must be regarded as guilty until it proves itself innocent.

Not Willing to Pay More.
The great trouble experienced in furthering the milk crusade is the unwillingness of the masses of people to pay a cent more a quart for pure milk than they pay for impure milk. While there is a class of people who are willing to pay 10 cents a quart for the best milk when the ordinary kind sells for 9 cents, the great majority stick to the ordinary kind. The milk man thereupon asserts that he is giving the people all the protection they are willing to pay for.

While the main fight that the cities are making today is in the direction of pure milk, there is an economic end to the milk question as well. While the old-fashioned way of pumping water into milk is no longer tolerated anywhere, milkmen with a touch of cupidity in their makeup have hit upon other methods of taking advantage of the consumer. Some of them have rich milk, richer than the law requires it to be. In order that they may make an added profit, they add enough skim milk to it to bring down to the lowest standard, and thus sell the skim milk they use for diluting purposes at regular whole milk prices. Others manage in one way and another to get any surplus butter fat out of the milk.

Bottled Milk Is Best.
It had been investigated that loose milk seldom measures up to the standard of bottled milk, either from a health or an economic standpoint. It is usually very full of germs, and equally often of a very poor grade. The constant dipping out of small quantities introduces new germs and encourages the spread of those already there. At the same time it gives the merchant an opportunity to dilute it with skim milk, an opportunity very frequently improved. The investigations in New York all have shown that the worst shops where loose milk is sold usually handle a low grade both in quality and in bacterial count. So the trend of legislation is in the direction of the abolition of dipped milk.

All Milk Should Be Pasteurized.
It is the belief of nearly all sanitarians that all milk should be pasteurized. There is a zone of temperature between 140 degrees and 160 degrees where nearly all germs are killed and yet where the taste and the constitution of milk is not disturbed. While pasteurized milk may afterward have a large bacterial count, these germs are usually not of a harmful variety. Sanitarians insist that pasteurization shall not be used as an excuse for dirty milk, but rather that it shall serve as an anti-mosquito campaign, serves in defending a community from an epidemic of yellow fever—the quarantine can be depended on to keep out the disease, but the anti-mosquito measures prevent its spread even if the quarantine fails. With pasteurization the sanitarian aims to kill the germ that may be undetected by systems of inspection.

Argentine Plan Best.
Argentina has hit upon a method of handling milk that is probably the best yet found. Dairymen there freeze it into large blocks as soon as it comes from the cows, and then put it in hermetically sealed vacuum containers. In this way there is no chance for the multiplication of germs, and, indeed, the freezing process and the continued cold kills the major portion of those in the milk at the time of freezing. In this way the milk may be kept for 15 or 18 days, and tastes just as fresh when melted for use as though it had just been collected after milking.

PLANS ORGANIZED BRANCH OF FOREIGN SERVICE VETERANS
W. H. Brophy, who served for three years in the Philippine scouts, is endeavoring to organize a branch of the American Veterans of Foreign Service. The chief purpose is to form a reserve corps of veterans who have served in the United States army, to be used for home protection in the event of foreign wars. The organization has a membership of 15,000 throughout the country.

Buy a Dining Table Now

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For one week we will put on sale these splendid 6 foot extension tables. In Fumed, Golden Oak or Early English finish. Well made and a splendid value at the regular price, \$15



Special \$9.35

Mail Orders Are given special attention and we use every effort to make the shipment on the day we receive the order. Write for our catalogue.

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CALLS KING THE GREATEST OF LIARS

(Continued from previous page.)

their fate. Miss Haskell, besought to flee by the Bulgarian doctors, declined to do so, declaring that she preferred to remain with her charges at the risk of her life if necessary. She was not molested by the invaders and her patients were not disturbed.

"King of All Liars."

"The king of all liars" is the title bestowed on the king of Greece by pastor D. N. Fumaleff, a Bulgarian, who is in London as a member of the delegation which presented the Foreign office with a statement regarding the proportions of Bulgarians in the region of the Enos Media line. Pastor Fumaleff, who is a Princeton graduate, declares the Greek monarch has earned the title by his signed statement to the press that 20,000 Moslems had been massacred at Doiran by the Bulgarians.

The pastor is a native of the district near Doiran, and he declares that the town, which is almost purely Bulgarian, has only 7,000 people, and that in the whole district there are not more than 1,000 Moslems. The Bulgarian clergyman states that the Greek king has been equally far from the truth in his other charges against the Bulgarian armies. He declares that on inquiry at the British Foreign office, he learned that not a single British consul in the Balkans has reported the Bulgarians as the perpetrators of atrocities.

Gunwomen Carbed

Recruiting for the corps of gunwomen of the Women's Social and Political union has come to a standstill for the reason that the authorities, alarmed at the growing number of women asking permission to bear

NIGHT SCHOOL

Daughters of the

arms, have declined to issue any more licenses to women. Nevertheless, no less than 200 licenses to carry arms has been issued to members of the W. S. P. U. before this restrictive measure was adopted.

It is believed that this disquieting information, supplemented by news from Scotland Yard that the militants had erected a pistol range near London, caused the Home office to make overtures for the present truce between the government and the Pankhurst force.

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Has the best stock of Home Grown Trees they have ever had. Propagated from trees that have been tested and do best. Are hardy and absolutely free from disease.

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Nothing Can Beat Irrigation Farming Where Conditions Are Right!

Conditions are certainly RIGHT in the Lower and Upper Mesilla, Rincon and Palomas valleys of New Mexico. Right at your very door is the farming opportunity of the day. NOW is the time to act and buy land in the fertile valleys in New Mexico under the Elephant Butte Project. Prices are lower than they will be later—your range of choice is greater. About 50 percent of the lands are now in cultivation—Approximately 60,000 acres are now being irrigated by Community ditches. The dam will store water in the early Spring, 1915.

Consider These Facts

- FIRST—In buying land in these valleys you deal with the Elephant Butte Water Users' Association—an association of farmers of the valleys who want to see that the right kind of people come here to help develop these lands. They have options on land which is sold by their exclusively employed locating agents at price given in option. There is no sliding scale of prices.
- SECOND—Back of the Water Users' Ass'n is the United States Reclamation Service, which stands ready to help you in every way.
- THIRD—Here you will have an absolutely certain water supply and a low water right—
- FOURTH—You will have the aid and co-operation of the New Mexico State Agricultural College located in the center of the valleys. You can have an expert come to your place, go over your land and give you expert advice on what crops to raise—free of cost.

The soil of these valleys is very rich—We sincerely believe there is no richer land in the Southwest. For farming operations the climate is not surpassed anywhere. A man can work in the fields practically every day in the year. Good local markets are afforded by nearby towns and mining centers. The Mesilla Valley Fruit and Truck Ass'n will handle your distant shipments. A canning factory will be built in Las Cruces this winter.

The Elephant Butte Water Users' Ass'n wants to get in touch with wide-awake, ambitious farmers who want to farm where conditions are right for sure crops and big profits. We simply want to lay before you a few facts which we believe will convince you that the Mesilla (lower and upper valley), Rincon and Palomas valleys offer you greater advantages than anywhere else.

Write us a letter now; it will cost you nothing to get full information and it may be the means of a better future for you. If possible come to Las Cruces and see the Secretary of Immigration, who will arrange to have you shown over the section in which you are interested.

Investigate Now---It Will Be One of the Best Things You Ever Did.

Literature free, upon request.

Elephant Butte Water Users' Association of New Mexico

R. E. Bassett, Secretary of Immigration,

Las Cruces, N. M.